

Appl. No.: 10/731,745
Amdt. Dated: 09/26/2005
Off. Act. Dated: 05/25/2005

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (canceled)
2. (currently amended): A method as recited in claim 4, 5 or 8, wherein said nanowire is sacrificed during said removal step.
3. (currently amended): A method as recited in claim 4, 5 or 8, wherein said nanowire comprises a sacrificial template for forming said nanotube.
4. (currently amended): A method ~~as recited in claim 1, for fabricating a nanotube, comprising:~~
forming a nanowire;
depositing at least one sheath of material over said nanowire; and
removing said nanowire;
wherein said remaining sheath material comprises said nanotube; and
wherein said nanowire is formed as a single-crystalline nanowire structure.
5. (currently amended): A method ~~as recited in claim 1, for fabricating a nanotube, comprising:~~
forming a nanowire;
depositing at least one sheath of material over said nanowire; and
removing said nanowire;

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wherein said remaining sheath material comprises said nanotube; and
wherein said nanotube is formed from a single-crystalline sheath structure.

6. (currently amended): A method as recited in claim 4 4 or 5, wherein said nanowire comprises a material selected from the group of materials consisting essentially of zinc oxide (ZnO), silicon (Si), gallium nitride (GaN), germanium (Ge), silver (Ag), gold (Au), group II - VI materials, group III - V materials, elemental group IV materials, and metals.

7. (original): A method as recited in claim 6, wherein said sheath comprises a material selected from the group of materials consisting of gallium nitride (GaN), silicon oxide (SiO₂), group II - VI materials, group III - V materials, elemental group IV, metals, oxides of the preceding materials, dopants introduced in the preceding materials, and polymers.

8. (currently amended): A method as recited in claim 7, for fabricating a
nanotube, comprising:

forming a nanowire;

depositing at least one sheath of material over said nanowire; and

removing said nanowire;

wherein said remaining sheath material comprises said nanotube;

wherein said nanowire comprises a material selected from the group of materials
consisting essentially of zinc oxide (ZnO), silicon (Si), gallium nitride (GaN), germanium
(Ge), silver (Ag), gold (Au), group II - VI materials, group III - V materials, elemental
group IV materials, and metals;

wherein said sheath comprises a material selected from the group of materials
consisting of gallium nitride (GaN), silicon oxide (SiO₂), group II - VI materials, group III

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- V materials, elemental group IV, metals, oxides of the preceding materials, dopants introduced in the preceding materials, and polymers; and

wherein the material selected for said nanotube sheath has a sufficiently similar crystalline structure and lattice constant as the material selected for said nanowire to allow epitaxial growth of said sheath on said nanowire.

9. (currently amended): A method as recited in claim 4 4, 5 or 8, wherein said sheath comprises a single longitudinal segment covering said nanowire.

10. (currently amended): A method as recited in claim 4 4, 5 or 8, wherein said sheath comprises multiple longitudinal segments covering said nanowire.

11. (original): A method as recited in claim 10, wherein said multiple longitudinal segments are formed utilizing masking techniques.

12. (currently amended): A method as recited in claim 4 4, 5 or 8;
wherein an array of said nanotubes is fabricated by depositing sheaths over an array of nanowires;
wherein said array is formed upon a substrate.

13. (original): A method for fabricating a nanotube, comprising:
forming a sacrificial nanowire template of zinc oxide (ZnO);
depositing at least one sheath of gallium nitride (GaN) over said nanowire; and
removing said nanowire;
wherein said sheath comprises a gallium nitride (GaN) nanotube structure.

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14. (original): A method as recited in claim 13, wherein said nanowire comprises single-crystalline zinc oxide (ZnO).

15. (original): A method as recited in claim 13, wherein said gallium nitride (GaN) sheath is deposited over said nanowire by epitaxial casting.

16. (original): A method as recited in claim 15, wherein said epitaxial casting comprises gallium nitride (GaN) chemical vapor deposition.

17. (original): A method as recited in claim 16:
wherein trimethylgallium and ammonia are used as precursors to said chemical vapor deposition and is fed with argon or nitrogen carrier gas;
wherein said chemical vapor deposition of GaN is performed at approximately six hundred degrees Celsius (600 °C) to seven hundred degrees Celsius (700 °C).

18. (original): A method as recited in claim 13:
wherein said gallium nitride (GaN) nanotube has an inner diameter which is in the range from approximately thirty (30 nm) nanometers to two hundred (200 nm) nanometers;
wherein said gallium nitride (GaN) nanotube has a wall thickness which is in the range from approximately five (5 nm) nanometers to fifty (50 nm) nanometers.

19. (original): A method as recited in claim 13, wherein said nanowire of zinc oxide (ZnO) is removed by subjecting it to elevated temperature in an atmosphere containing hydrogen gas.

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20. (original): A method as recited in claim 19:
wherein said elevated temperature comprises approximately six hundred degrees Celsius (600 °C);
wherein said atmosphere comprises approximately ten percent (10%) hydrogen gas in an argon gas atmosphere.
21. (original): A method as recited in claim 13, wherein said nanowire of zinc oxide (ZnO) is removed by subjecting said array to chemical etching.
22. (original): A method as recited in claim 21, wherein said chemical etching comprises ammonia etching at sufficiently elevated temperature for removal of said zinc oxide nanowire.
23. (currently amended): A method for fabricating a nanotube, comprising:
forming a sacrificial nanowire template of a first material;
forming a sheath of modified said first material over said nanowire; and
removing said nanowire;
wherein said sheath is a nanotube structure; and
wherein said nanowire comprises a single-crystalline material.
24. (canceled)
25. (original): A method as recited in claim 23, wherein said sheath is formed on said nanowire by thermal oxidation.
26. (original): A method as recited in claim 23, wherein said nanowire is removed in an etching process.

27. (original): A method as recited in claim 23:
wherein said first material comprises silicon (Si);
wherein said modified first material comprises silicon oxide (SiO₂).

28. (original): A method as recited in claim 27, wherein said sheath is formed on said nanowire by a thermal oxidation process in which temperature determines the thickness of said sheath.

29. (currently amended): A method as recited in claim 28, wherein the temperature of said thermal oxidation is in the range of from approximately eight hundred degrees celcius Celsius (800 °C) to approximately one thousand degrees celcius Celsius (1000 °C).

30. (currently amended): A method as recited in claim 29, for fabricating a nanotube, comprising:

forming a sacrificial nanowire template of a first material;
forming a sheath of modified said first material over said nanowire; and
removing said nanowire;
wherein said sheath is a nanotube structure;
wherein said first material comprises silicon (Si);
wherein said modified first material comprises silicon oxide (SiO₂);
wherein said sheath is formed on said nanowire by a thermal oxidation process
in which temperature determines the thickness of said sheath;
wherein the temperature of said thermal oxidation is in the range of from
approximately eight hundred degrees Celsius (800 °C) to approximately one thousand
degrees Celsius (1000 °C); and
wherein said nanowire is removed in an etching process comprising:

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covering the combination of said sheath and nanowire with an etch-resistant material;

removing the top end of the sheathed nanowire while the sheathed walls of said nanotube are protected by said etch-resistant material;

removing the silicon (Si) nanowire material from within said silicone oxide (SiO_2) nanotube; and

removing said etch-resistant material.

31. (original) A method as recited in claim 30, wherein said etch-resistant material comprises a dimer or polymer.

32. (original) A method as recited in claim 31, wherein said etch-resistant material comprises perylene.

33. (original) A method as recited in claim 30, wherein said removing the top end of said sheathed nanowire comprises:

etching in oxygen plasma to remove sufficient depth of said etch-resistant material to expose said sheathed nanowires; and

etching in hydrofluoric acid to remove the metal cap of said nanowire.

34. (currently amended) A method as recited in claim 33, wherein said removal of the silicon (Si) nanowire comprises etching in xenon ~~flourine~~ fluorine (XeF_2).

35. (original) A method as recited in claim 30, wherein removal of said etch resistant material comprises oxygen plasma etching.